

We acknowledge the advice of Dr. Warren Wagner in the preparation of this paper.—*Garrie Landry and John W. Thieret, Department of Biology, University of Southwestern Louisiana, Lafayette, Louisiana 70501.*

DYSSODIA TENUILOBA (COMPOSITAE): NEW TO MISSISSIPPI.—In his monograph of the genus *Dyssodia* (University of California Publications in Botany, Volume 48, 1969), Dr. John Strother states that *Dyssodia tenuiloba* (DC.) Rob. var. *tenuiloba*, native to southern Texas and northeastern Mexico, has become established in Florida, Cuba, the Bahamas, Africa, and Asia. I have recently collected the taxon near the beach on the Gulf of Mexico in southern Mississippi: Harrison Co.: U. S. 90, between Gulfport and Biloxi; occasional; rays and disk yellow-orange. *David Flyr 1358, 22 April 1970* (Specimens deposited at GH, SMU, UC).

It seems likely that the species may have been introduced as recently as 1969, when the center of the extremely destructive hurricane Camille passed over this portion of the Gulf Coast, having come across the Gulf from Cuba. There was no other typical beach or dune vegetation to be seen on this stretch of the coastal highway.

The chromosome number of the plant has been determined by Dr. Strother to be $2n=24$. The plant is thus a triploid on a base of $x=8$. This chromosome number was not among those published in Strother's monograph for this taxon.—*David Flyr, Route 1, Stratford, Texas 79084.* (See SIDA 5(1): 58—Editor)

ADDITIONS TO THE LOUISIANA FLORA.—The following species may be added to the flora of Louisiana.

Eleocharis elongata Chapm. St. Tammany Parish: mostly submersed, flowering culms emersed, in Bayou Lacombe, 6 miles N of Lacombe, *John W. Thieret 32416* (LAF), 10 Oct 1970; same locality, *Allen 2901* (LAF), 23 Sep 1972. The previous recorded United States range of this species was Georgia and Florida (Svenson, 1957).

Corallorhiza odontorhiza (Willd.) Nutt. St. Helena Parish: rich woods, 5 miles NNW of Chipola, *Allen 1691* (LAF, LSU), 8 Oct 1971. This orchid was to be expected in Louisiana as it is found in neighboring Mississippi and Arkansas (Correll, 1950; also *in litt.*). Louisiana's orchid flora is now 37 species, of which 19 occur in St. Helena Parish.

Geranium texanum (Trel.) Heller. St. Landry Parish: weedy area, 3.5 miles NW of Whiteville along road to Bunkie, *Thieret 32999*, 30 Apr 1971 (LAF). Rapides Parish: weedy area, Chambers, 8 miles S of Alexandria, *Thieret 33064*, 1 May 1971 (LAF). This species previously was considered endemic to Texas (Correll and Johnston, 1970).

Euphorbia hypericifolia L. Lafayette Parish: weed on USL campus, Lafayette, *Allen 2934* (LAF), 5 Oct 1972. The nomenclature used here is that of Correll and Johnston (1970). Wheeler (1941) applied the name *E. glomeri-*